

- ☐ fossil energy
- ☒ environmental
- ☐ energy efficiency
- ☐ other

### States Impacted:

Colorado, Florida, Idaho,  
Illinois, Michigan, New Mexico,  
Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina,  
Tennessee, Washington

### Benefit Areas:

Environmental Remediation,  
Cost Savings, Worker Safety

### Participants:

Science and Engineering  
Associates, Inc. (Technology  
Developer); Argonne National  
Laboratory; Idaho National  
Environmental and  
Engineering Laboratory;  
Inhalation Toxicology  
Research Institute; Florida  
Power; Portland Gas and  
Electric; Mound; Grand  
Junction.

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## REMOTE PIPE CONTAMINATION CHARACTERIZATION

### Description

A remotely operated survey system, called Pipe Explorer™, can thoroughly survey radiological contamination of pipes from the inside. Pipes are normally surveyed for radiological contamination by passing a hand-held sampling instrument over the exterior surface. To make a complete survey, personnel must gain access to the entire exterior surface of the pipes over their full length. For thousands of miles of DOE and private-industry piping that is buried underground or encased in concrete, this is extremely costly, often hazardous to personnel, and sometimes impossible.

The Pipe Explorer™ integrates gamma, beta, and alpha radiation detectors and video cameras with an inverting membrane deployment system. The inverting membrane protects sensors from direct contact with moisture and contaminants in the pipe. This system can transport detectors around pipe elbows and through constrictions that other systems cannot negotiate. Radiation detectors and video cameras have been deployed through pipes ranging from 2 to 18 inches in diameter with multiple 90-degree elbows.

### Goals

The Pipe Explorer™ project is designed to reduce cost, time, effort, and worker exposure during characterization of contaminated piping.

### Tangible Benefits

**National:** Across the nation, DOE and private industry sites contain thousands of miles of potentially contaminated piping. Because the Pipe Explorer™ travels inside the pipe, buried piping does not have to be excavated. This not only saves money, but significantly reduces worker exposure to contaminated materials. Through initial deployments alone, DOE has realized \$3 million in cost savings. When fully deployed, the total cost savings are projected to be \$112 million.

**Regional:** DOE sites and communities in Idaho, New Mexico, Ohio, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Washington will benefit significantly from this cost saving technology. In addition, local communities will benefit through the accelerated return of previously unproductive federal properties to productive use in local economies.